

Name: key Per: _____ Date: _____
 Serafino • Geometry

12.1 Surface Area & Volume

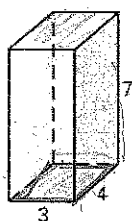
Classwork / Homework

Surface Area = the sum of the area of all the sides (faces)

Volume = how much space (inside) the shape takes up.



1. Name Rectangular Prism



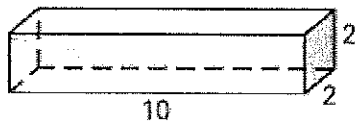
V: $A_{\text{Base}} \cdot \text{Height}$
 $(3 \cdot 4) \cdot 7 = 84$

SA: top/bot back/front sides
 $2(3 \cdot 4) + 2(7 \cdot 3) + 2(7 \cdot 4)$
 $2(12) + 2(21) + 2(28)$

V: 84 u^3

SA: 122 u^2

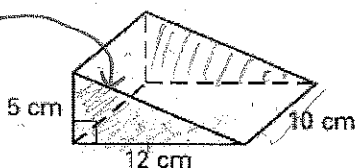
2. Name rectangular prism



V: 40 u^3

SA: 88 u^2

3. Name right triangular prism



$A_{\text{B}} \cdot \text{depth}$
 $30 \cdot 10$

SA: bases + side + bottom + back
 $2(30) + (10 \cdot 13) + (10 \cdot 12) + (5 \cdot 10)$

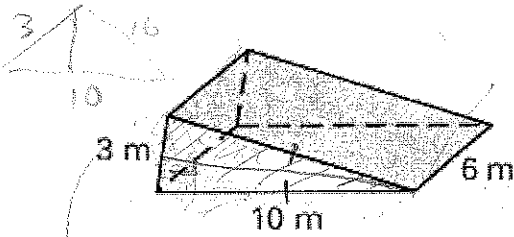
V: 300 cm^3

SA: 360 cm^2

4. Name isosceles triangular prism

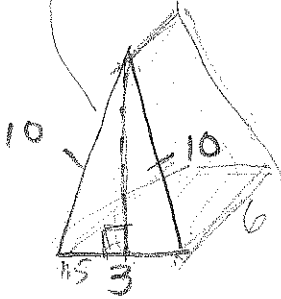
$V: 88.974 \text{ m}^3$ SA: 167.659 m^2

$V = A_b \cdot \text{depth}$
 $14.829 \cdot 6$



SA: $2\Delta_s + \text{bot} + \text{side} + \text{top}$
 $2(14.829 \cdot 6) + (10 \cdot 6) + (3 \cdot 6)$

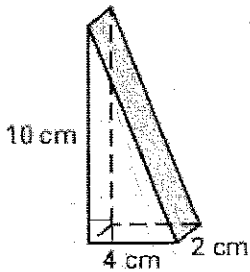
$A_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2}bh$
 $\frac{1}{2}(10)(3) = 14.829$



$(1.5)^2 + x^2 = 10^2$
 $x = 9.886$

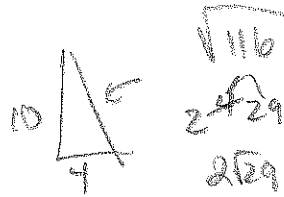
5. Name right triangular prism

$V: 40 \text{ cm}^3$ SA: 89.54 cm^2



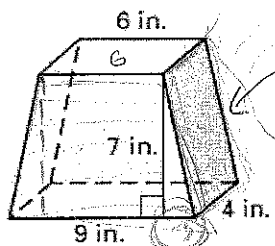
$V: A_b \cdot d$
 $20 \cdot 2$

SA: $2\Delta + \text{bot} + \text{back} + \text{front}$
 $2(20) + (2 \cdot 4) + (10 \cdot 2) + (2 \cdot 2\sqrt{29})$
 $40 + 8 + 20 + 4\sqrt{29}$



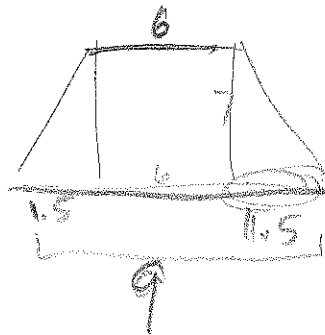
6. Name trapezoidal prism

$V: 210 \text{ in}^3$ SA: 222.2 in^2

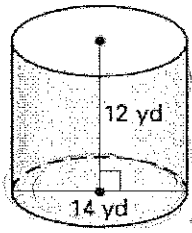


7.159

SA: $2\text{trapez} + 2\text{sides} + \text{bot} + \text{top}$
 $2(7.5 \cdot 7) + 2(4 \cdot 7.15) + (6 \cdot 4) + (9 \cdot 4)$
 525



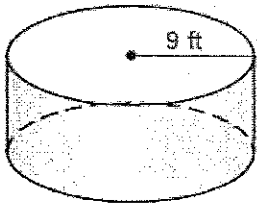
7. Name Cylinder



V: $A_{base} \cdot h$
 $\pi r^2 \cdot h$
 $(49\pi) \cdot 12$

V: $1,847.26$ ✓ SA: $260\pi \approx 835.664$
 $20 \cdot 588\pi$
 SA: $2(49\pi) + 12 \cdot (14\pi)$
 $98\pi + 168\pi$
 $= 266\pi$ or ≈ 835.664

8. Name _____

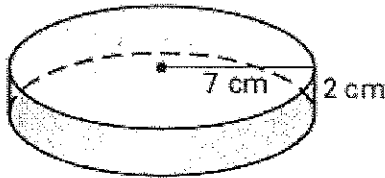


V: $81\pi \cdot 7$

20's + \square
 $2(81\pi) + (18\pi)(7) = 162\pi + 126\pi$

V: 567π #3 SA: 288π
 ≈ 1781.28 #3 904.778 #2

9. Name _____

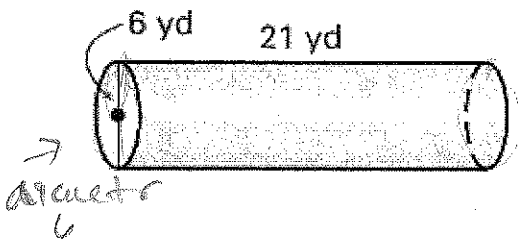


V: $49\pi \cdot 2$

SA: 20's + \square
 $2(49\pi) + 14\pi \cdot 2 = 98\pi + 28\pi$

V: 98π SA: 126π
 307.88 395.84

10. Name _____



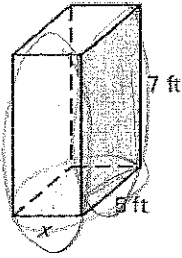
V: $A_{base} \cdot h$
 $3^2 \cdot \pi \cdot 21$
 $9\pi \cdot 21$

SA: 20's + \square
 $2(9\pi) + 6\pi \cdot 21$
 $18\pi + 126\pi$

V: 189π SA: 144π
 593.76 432.389

Find the missing variable in the figure:

11.



$$V = Ab \cdot h$$

$$105 = 5x \cdot 7$$

$$\frac{105}{35} = \frac{35x}{35}$$

$$3 = x$$

If Volume = 105, $x = \underline{3}$

If Surface Area = 118, $x = \underline{2}$

SA = 2 bases + 2 sides + 2 front/back

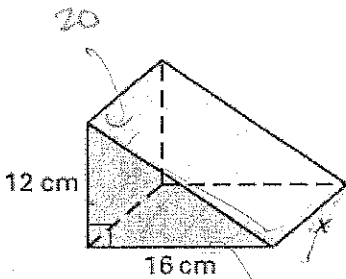
$$118 = 2(5x) + 2(35) + 2(7x)$$

$$118 = 10x + 70 + 14x$$

$$48 = 24x$$

$$\underline{2 = x}$$

12.



$$V = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$960 = 96x$$

If Volume = 960, $x = \underline{10 \text{ cm}}$

SA: 2 triangles + top + bot + side

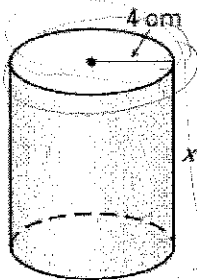
$$344 = 192 + 20x + 16x + 12x$$

$$152 = 48x$$

$$x \approx 3.166 \text{ or } \frac{19}{6}$$

If Surface Area = 344, $x = \underline{\frac{19}{6}}$

13.



$$V: Ab \cdot h$$

$$144\pi = 16\pi \cdot x$$

$$\frac{144\pi}{16\pi} = \frac{16\pi x}{16\pi}$$

$$x = 9$$

If volume = 144π , $x = \underline{9}$

SA: 2 circles + rectangle

$$80\pi = 2(16\pi) + 8\pi \cdot x$$

$$80\pi = 32\pi + 8\pi \cdot x$$

$$\frac{48\pi}{8\pi} = \frac{8\pi \cdot x}{8\pi}$$

Surface Area: 80π , $x = \underline{6}$

SA: 2 circles + rectangle

$$80\pi = 2(16\pi) + 8\pi \cdot x$$

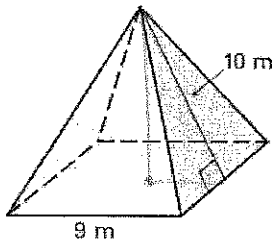
$$80\pi = 32\pi + 8\pi \cdot x$$

$$-32\pi \quad -32\pi$$

$$48\pi = 8\pi \cdot x$$

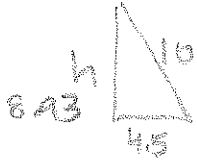
14. Name square pyramid

V: (241.11 m^3) SA: (261 m^2)



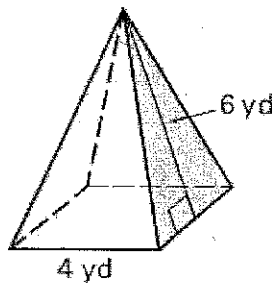
$V: \frac{1}{3} B h$

SA: $B + 4\Delta's$
 $81 + 4(\frac{1}{2} 9 \cdot 10)$



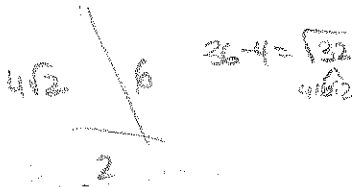
15. Name square pyramid

V: $(\frac{64\sqrt{2}}{3} \text{ y}^3)$ SA: (64 y^2)



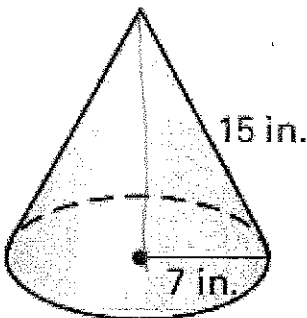
$V: \frac{1}{3} B h$
 $\frac{1}{3} 16 \cdot 4\sqrt{2}$

SA: $B + 4\Delta's$
 $16 + 4(\frac{1}{2} 4 \cdot 6)$



16. Name cone

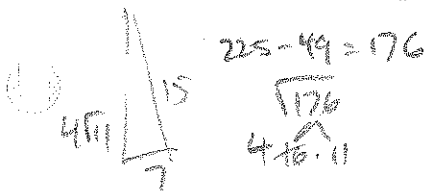
V: $(\frac{196\pi\sqrt{11}}{3} \text{ in}^3)$ SA: (154π)
 ≈ 68674
 ≈ 483.805



$V: \frac{1}{3} B h$

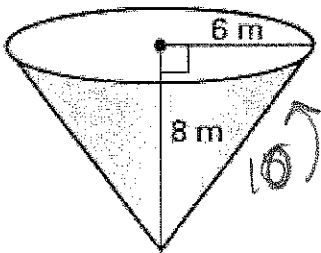
$V: \frac{1}{3} 49\pi \cdot 4\sqrt{11}$

$0 + \Delta$
 $49\pi + \frac{1}{2} 14\pi \cdot 15$
 $49\pi + 105\pi$



17. Name cone

V: 96π SA: 96π

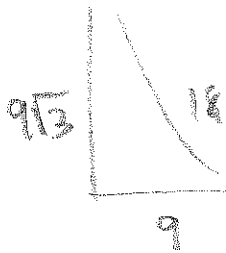
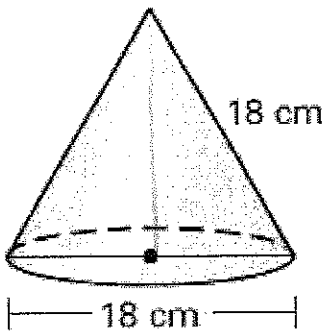


$V: \frac{1}{3} 36\pi \cdot 8$

SA: $36\pi + \frac{1}{2} 12\pi \cdot 10$

18. Name cone

V: $243\pi\sqrt{3}$ SA: 243π



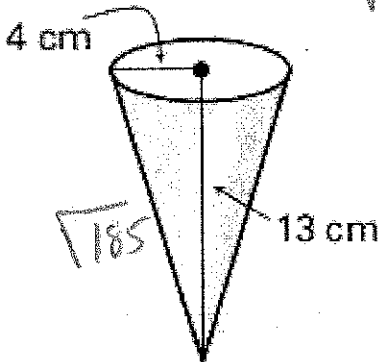
$V: \frac{1}{3} 81\pi 9\sqrt{3}$

$81\pi + \frac{1}{2} 18\pi 18$

$81\pi + 162\pi$

19. Name cone

V: $\frac{208\pi}{3}$ SA: $16\pi + 4\pi\sqrt{185}$

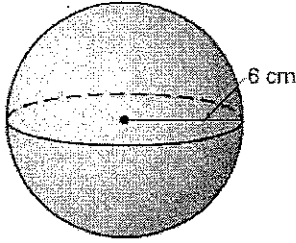


$V: \frac{1}{3} 16\pi \cdot 13$

SA: $0 + \frac{1}{2} 8\pi\sqrt{185}$
 16π



20. Name sphere

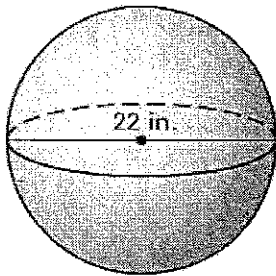


$$V: \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$: \frac{4}{3}\pi 216$$

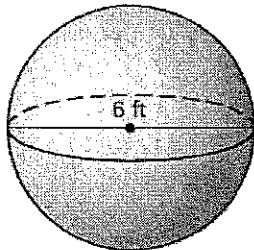
V: 288π SA: $144\pi \text{ cm}^2$
 cm^3
 S: $4\pi r^2$

21. Name sphere



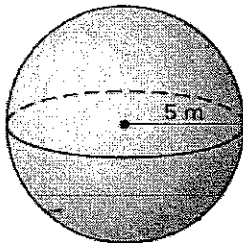
V: 5324π SA: $484\pi \text{ in}^2$
 3 in^3

22. Name sphere



V: $36\pi \text{ ft}^3$ SA: $36\pi \text{ ft}^2$

23. Name sphere



V: 500π SA: $100\pi \text{ m}^2$
 3 m^3

24. Find the radius of a sphere with the given surface area, S:

a. $S = 324\pi \text{ cm}^2$

$$\frac{4\pi r^2}{4} = \frac{324\pi}{4}$$

$$r^2 = 81$$

$$r = 9$$

b. $S = 4\pi \text{ ft}^2$

$$4\pi = 4\pi r^2$$

$$1 = r^2$$

$$r = 1$$

c. $S = 163 \text{ m}^2$

$$\frac{163}{4} = \frac{4\pi r^2}{4}$$

$$\frac{40.75}{\pi} = \frac{\pi r^2}{\pi}$$

$$\sqrt{12.97} = r^2$$

$$r \approx 3.60$$

25. Find the radius of a sphere with the given volume, V

b. $V = 2304\pi \text{ cm}^3$

$$\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = 2304\pi \cdot \frac{3}{4}$$

$$r^3 = 1728$$

$$r = 12$$

b. $V = 36\pi \text{ ft}^3$

$$36\pi = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$27 = r^3$$

$$r = 3$$

c. $V = 33.51 \text{ m}^3$

$$\frac{3}{4} \cdot 33.51 = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \cdot \frac{3}{4}$$

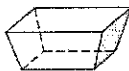
$$\frac{25.1325}{\pi} = \frac{\pi r^3}{\pi}$$

$$7.999 = r^3$$

$$r = 1.99$$

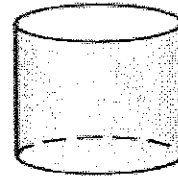
Solids Reference Sheet – Volume and Surface Area

Prisms:



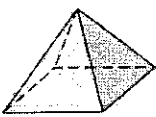
Volume: Area of front face • depth
Surface Area: Area of each face added up

Cylinders:



Volume: Area of Circle • height
Surface Area: 2 (Area Circle) + Rectangle
 (Circumference • height)

Pyramids & Cones:



SA
 $A_{\text{base}} + \frac{1}{2}Cl$

Volume: $\frac{1}{3} \cdot (\text{Area of Base}) \cdot \text{height}$

SA: B + Δ's

Spheres:



Volume: $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface Area: $4\pi r^2$