



## Classifying Triangles in the XY Plane

### Practice

Directions: For each set of three points,

- find the exact length of each side, in simplest radical form.
- find the exact perimeter of the triangle (in simplest radical form)
- classify the triangle as right or oblique.

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|---------------|-----------|------------|
| 1. W (0, 4)   | H (-5, 1) | O (-2, -4) |
| 2. L (-4, 3)  | V (1, 9)  | S (-1, -6) |
| 3. I (-6, -2) | N (1, 7)  | A (5, 1)   |
| 4. P (-1, 2)  | I (4, 2)  | N (3, -1)  |

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|---|--|------------|
| 1. a) $WH = \sqrt{34}$ , $HO = \sqrt{34}$ , $WO = 2\sqrt{17}$   | b) $P = 2\sqrt{17} + 2\sqrt{34}$             | c) Right   |
| 2. a) $LV = \sqrt{61}$ , $VS = \sqrt{229}$ , $LS = 3\sqrt{10}$  | b) $P = \sqrt{61} + \sqrt{229} + 3\sqrt{10}$ | c) Oblique |
| 3. a) $IN = \sqrt{130}$ , $NA = 2\sqrt{13}$ , $IA = \sqrt{130}$ | b) $P = 2\sqrt{130} + 2\sqrt{13}$            | c) Oblique |
| 4. a) $PI = 5$ , $IN = \sqrt{10}$ , $PN = 5$                    | b) $P = 10 + \sqrt{10}$                      | c) Right   |